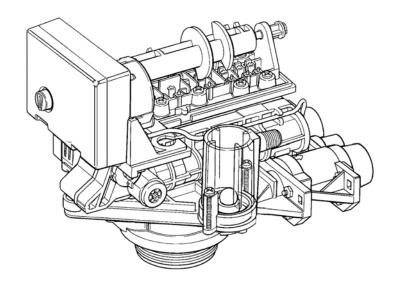
Autotrol® Brand 255 Valve / 400 Series Controls

Water Conditioning Control System Home Owner Installation, Operation, and Maintenance Manual



For sales or service questions please contact your local dealer:

Your Local Dealer Is:

Table of Contents

Safety Information
Valve Illustration
Introduction
Installation
Disinfection of Water Conditioners10
Placing Conditioner into Operation
Troubleshooting
Common .26 255/440i Troubleshooting .28 255/460i Troubleshooting .29
Valve Specifications

Safety Information

This water conditioner's control valve conforms to NSF/ANSI 44 for materials and structural integrity only. Generic systems were tested and certified by WQA as verified by the performance data sheet.

- Please review this entire Installation and Operation manual before installing unit.
- As with all plumbing projects, we recommend that this Water Conditioning Unit be installed by a trained professional water treatment dealer. Please follow all local codes for plumbing this unit.
- Follow local electrical codes. Install a correctly sized electrical bonding jumper between the inlet and outlet pipes when these devices are installed in metallic plumbing systems.
- Inspect this unit carefully for carrier shortage or shipping damage before beginning installation of unit.
- This system is not intended to be used for treating water that is microbiologically unsafe or of unknown quality without adequate disinfection before or after the system.
- This system is to be used only for potable water.
- Use only lead-free solder and flux, as required by federal and state codes, when installing soldered copper plumbing.
- Use caution when sweat joining metal pipes near this water conditioning system. Heat can adversely affect the plastic used in this system and bypass valve.
- Use only silicone grease for lubrication of this unit.
- Use only the power transformers supplied with this conditioning systems control valve unit.
- Do not allow this water conditioning unit to freeze. Damage from freezing will void this water conditioning unit's warranty.
- Do not store flammable or volatile chemicals near this water conditioning unit.
- For the purpose of plumbing system sizing, only the rated service (i.e.
 "Normal") flow and corresponding pressure loss may be used. The rated
 service flow rates are the flow rates at which the performance capabilities of
 these devices were evaluated.

Contact your local Professional Water Dealer for system service, and to obtain Autotrol brand replacement parts for this control valve unit.

Valve Illustration

Autotrol 255 Valve Control Module

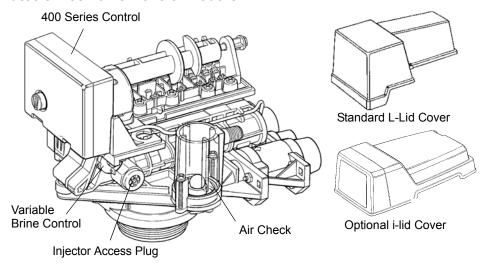


Figure 1

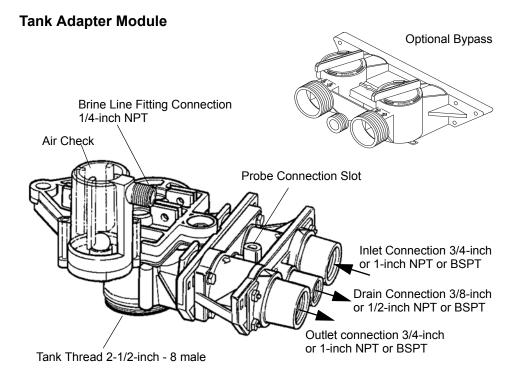


Figure 2

Introduction

The 255 series control incorporates five cycles during operation, Figure 3 and is responsible for directing the flow of water during all phases of regeneration. The water conditioner consists of a control valve, mineral tank, resin and a salt storage tank. During the service cycle, hardness contaminants are removed from the water by the resin bed. The regeneration process consists of backwash, brine and slow rinse, fast rinse and brine refill cycles. During the regeneration process the hardness contaminants are removed from the resin bed and flushed to the drain, while the resin bed is regenerated with brine. A description of each cycle and its function is listed below:

1. Service (Downflow):

Untreated water is directed down through the resin bed and up through the riser tube. The hardness ions attach themselves to the resin and are removed from the water. The water is conditioned as it passes through the resin bed.

2. Backwash (Upflow):

The flow of water is reversed by the control valve and directed down the riser tube and up through the resin bed. During the backwash cycle, the bed is expanded and debris is flushed to the drain.

3. Brine/Slow Rinse (Downflow):

The control directs water through the brine injector and brine is drawn from the salt tank. The brine is then directed down through the resin bed and up through the riser tube to the drain. The hardness ions are displaced by sodium ions and are sent to the drain. The resin is regenerated during the brine cycle. Brine draw is completed when the air check closes.

4. Fast Rinse (Downflow):

The control directs water down through the resin bed and up through the riser tube to the drain. Any remaining brine residual is rinsed from the resin bed.

5. Brine Refill (Downflow):

Brine refill occurs during a portion of the fast rinse cycle. Water is directed to the salt tank at a controlled rate, to create brine for the next regeneration.

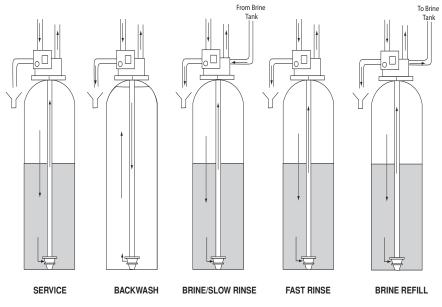


Figure 3

Installation

All plumbing must conform to local codes.

Inspect unit carefully for carrier shortage or shipping damage.

Location Selection

- 1. The distance between the unit and a drain should be as short as possible.
- 2. If it is likely that supplementary water treating equipment will be required, make certain adequate additional space is available.
- 3. Since salt must be added periodically to the brine tank, the location should be easily accessible.
- 4. Do not install any unit closer to a water heater than a total run of 10 feet (3 m) of piping between the outlet of the conditioner and the inlet to the heater. Water heaters can sometimes overheat to the extent they will transmit heat back down the cold pipe into the unit control valve.

Hot water can severely damage the conditioner. A 10-foot (3-m) total pipe run, including bends, elbows, etc., is a reasonable distance to help prevent this possibility. A positive way to prevent hot water from flowing from heat source to the conditioner, in the event of a negative pressure situation, is to install a check valve in the soft water piping from the conditioner. If a check valve is installed, make certain the water heating unit is equipped with a properly

rated temperature and pressure safety relief valve. Also, be certain that local codes are not violated.

- Do not locate unit where it or it's connections (including the drain and overflow lines) will ever be subjected to room temperatures under 34°F (1°C) or over 120°F (49°C).
- 6. Do not install unit near acid or acid fumes.
- 7. The use of resin cleaners in an unvented enclosure is not recommended.

Water Line Connection

The installation of a bypass valve system is recommended to provide for occasions when the water conditioner must be bypassed for hard water or for servicing.

The most common bypass systems are the Autotrol[®] Series 256 bypass valve (Figure 4) and plumbed-in globe valves (Figure 5). Though both are similar in function, the 256 Autotrol bypass offers simplicity and ease of operation.

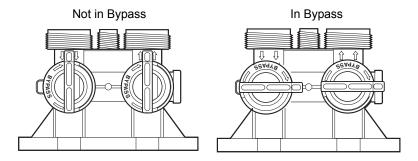


Figure 4 Autotrol Series 256 Bypass Valve

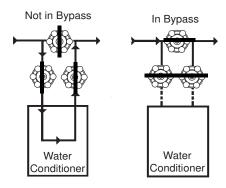
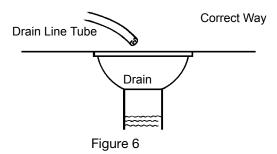


Figure 5 Typical Globe Valve Bypass System

Drain Line Connection

- Ideally located, the unit will be above and not more than 20 feet (6.1 m) from the drain. For such installations, use an appropriate adapter fitting (not supplied), to connect 1/2-inch (1.3-cm) plastic tubing to the drain line connection of the control valve.
- 2. If the unit is located more than 20 feet (6.1 m) from drain, use 3/4-inch (1.9-cm) tubing for runs up to 40 feet (12.2 m). Also, purchase appropriate fitting to connect the 3/4-inch tubing to the 1/2-inch NPT drain connection.
- 3. If the unit is located where the drain line must be elevated, you may elevate the line up to 6 feet (1.8 m) providing the run does not exceed 15 feet (4.6 m) and water pressure at conditioner is not less than 40 psi (2.76 bar). You may elevate an additional 2 feet (61 cm) for each additional 10 psi (0.69 bar).
- 4. Where the drain line is elevated but empties into a drain below the level of the control valve, form a 7-inch (18-cm) loop at the far end of the line so that the bottom of the loop is level with the drain line connection. This will provide an adequate siphon trap.
- Where the drain empties into an overhead sewer line, a sink-type trap must be used.

IMPORTANT: Never insert drain line into a drain, sewer line or trap. Always allow an air gap between the drain line and the wastewater to prevent the possibility of sewage being back-siphoned into conditioner.



Note: Standard commercial practices have been expressed here. Local codes may require changes to these suggestions.

Brine Line Connection

It will be necessary to install the brine tube and line to a fitting installed on the air check. Teflon* tape all threaded connections.

Be sure all fittings and connections are tight so that premature checking does not take place. Premature checking is when the ball in the air check falls to the bottom before all brine is drawn out of the brine tank. See **Placing Conditioner into Operation** section.

^{*}Teflon is a registered trademark of E.I. DuPont de Nemours and Company, Inc.

Overflow Line Connection

In the absence of a safety overflow and in the event of a malfunction, the BRINE TANK OVERFLOW will direct "overflow" to the drain instead of spilling on the floor where it could cause considerable damage. This fitting should be on the side of the cabinet or brine tank.

To connect overflow, locate hole on side of brine tank. Insert overflow fitting (not supplied) into tank and tighten with plastic thumb nut and gasket as shown (Figure 7). Attach length of 1/2-inch (1.3-cm) I.D. tubing (not supplied) to fitting and run to drain. Do not elevate overflow line higher than 3 inches (7.6 cm) below bottom of overflow fitting. Do not tie into drain line of control unit. Overflow line must be a direct, separate line from overflow fitting to drain, sewer or tub. Allow an air gap as per drain line instructions (Figure 6).

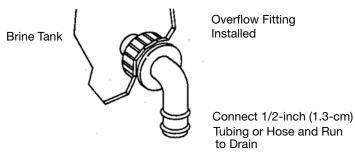


Figure 7

Low Voltage Transformer

Use only the included transformer for powering the 400 series timers. Connect the plug of the transformer secondary cable to the mating socket on the control (see Figure 8).

Be certain that the transformer is plugged into a correct voltage source that is not controlled by a wall switch.

Increasing the Length of the Transformer Cord

If it is necessary to extend the length of the transformer cord, an optional 15-foot (4.6-m) extension is available (see Figure 9).



Figure 8



Figure 9

Disinfection of Water Conditioners

The materials of construction of the modern water conditioner will not support bacterial growth, nor will these materials contaminate a water supply. In addition, during normal use, a conditioner may become fouled with organic matter, or in some cases with bacteria from the water supply. This may result in an off-taste or odor in the water.

Thus, your conditioner may need to be disinfected after installation. Some conditioners will require periodic disinfection during their normal life. Consult your installing dealer for more information on disinfecting your conditioner.

Depending upon the conditions of use, the style of conditioner, the type of ion exchanger, and the disinfectant available, a choice can be made among the following methods.

Sodium or Calcium Hypochlorite

Application

These materials are satisfactory for use with polystyrene resins, synthetic gel zeolite, greensand and bentonites.

5.25% Sodium Hypochlorite

These solutions are available under trade names such as Clorox*. If stronger solutions are used, such as those sold for commercial laundries, adjust the dosage accordingly.

- 1. Dosage
 - a. Polystyrene resin; 1.2 fluid ounce per cubic foot.
 - b. Non-resinous exchangers; 0.8 fluid ounce per cubic foot.
- 2. Brine tank conditioners
 - Backwash the conditioner and add the required amount of hypochlorite solution to the brine well of the brine tank. The brine tank should have water in it to permit the solution to be carried into the conditioner.
 - b. Proceed with the normal regeneration.

Calcium Hypochlorite

Calcium hypochlorite, 70% available chlorine, is available in several forms including tablets and granules. These solid materials may be used directly without dissolving before use.

- Dosage
 - a. Two grains (approximately 0.1 ounce) per cubic foot.
- 2. Brine tank conditioners
 - a. Backwash the conditioner and add the required amount of hypochlorite to the brine well of the brine tank. The brine tank should have water in it to permit the chlorine solution to be carried into the conditioner.
 - b. Proceed with the normal regeneration.

Placing Conditioner into Operation

Initial Start-Up

After the water conditioning system is installed, the conditioner should be disinfected before it is used to treat potable water. Refer to the Disinfection of Water Conditioners section in this manual. Complete the following steps to place the conditioner into operation:

Remove control valve cover.

Note: The following steps will require turning the indicator knob (Figure 11) to various positions. Insert a wide-blade screwdriver into arrow slot in indicator knob and press in firmly. With knob held in, rotate $^{*Clorox\ is\ a\ trademark\ of\ the\ Clorox\ Company.}$

COUNTERCLOCKWISE only until arrow or knob points to desired position. Rotation is made much easier if you grasp the camshaft with your free hand and turn it at the same time. Then permit knob to spring back out.

- Insert screwdriver into slot in indicator knob (Figure 11). Press in and rotate knob COUNTERCLOCKWISE until arrow points directly to the word BACKWASH.
- Fill resin tank with water.
 - a. With water supply off, place the bypass valve(s) into the "NOT IN BYPASS" position.
 - b. Open water supply valve very slowly to approximately the 1/4 open position.

IMPORTANT: If opened too rapidly or too far, resin may be lost. In this position, you should hear air escaping slowly from the drain line.

- c. When all of the air has been purged from the tank (water begins to flow steadily from the drain), open the water supply valve all the way.
- d. Allow water to run to drain until clear.
- e. Turn off water supply and let the unit stand for about five minutes. This will allow all trapped air to escape from the tank.
- 4. Add water to brine tank (initial fill).

With a bucket or hose, add approximately 4 gallons (15 liters) of water to brine tank. If the tank has a salt platform above the bottom of the tank, add water until the level is approximately 1 inch (25 mm) above the platform.

Control Valve

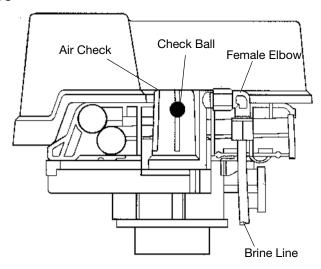


Figure 10 - Control Valve

- 5. Put into operation.
 - a. Open water supply valve slowly to full open position.
 - b. Carefully advance indicator knob COUNTERCLOCKWISE to center of FAST RINSE/REFILL position and hold there until air check (Figure 10) fills with water and water starts to flow through brine line into brine tank. Do not run for more than two minutes.
 - c. Advance indicator knob **COUNTERCLOCKWISE** until arrow points to the center of the **BRINE/SLOW RINSE** position.
 - d. With the conditioner in this position, check to see if water is being drawn from the brine tank. The water level in the brine tank will recede very slowly. Observe for at least three minutes. If the water level does not recede or goes up, or if air enters the transparent air check chamber and the ball falls and seats, reference **Troubleshooting** section.
 - e. Advance indicator knob **COUNTERCLOCKWISE** to **CONDITIONED WATER**.
 - f. Run water from a nearby faucet until the water is clear and soft.

400 Series Control Settings

440i Control

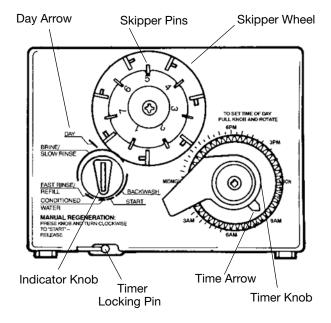


Figure 11

Programming

- 1. Set days of regeneration on skipper wheel (Figure 11).
 - Pull all skipper pins outward (away from control).
 - Rotate skipper wheel until day arrow points to current day or number 1.
 - Depress skipper pin(s) at day(s) for which regeneration is desired.
- 2. Set the time of day.
 - Grasp timer knob and pull outward.
 - Rotate in either direction until the timer arrow points to the actual time of day.
 - · Release timer knob.

Note: With the time of day properly set, the conditioner will regenerate at about 2:30 a.m. If you prefer to have the unit regenerate at an earlier or later time, simply set current time-of-day accordingly (e.g., to have the unit regenerate at 4:30 a.m.—two hours later—set the clock two hours earlier than the actual time of day.)

Note: The Timer Locking Pin should always be horizontal (Figure 11) during operation.

460i Control

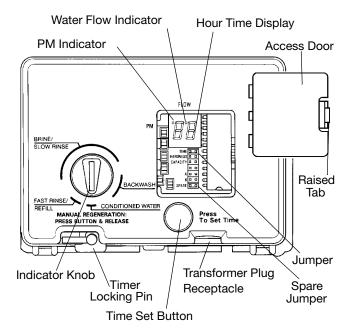


Figure 12

Programming

Plug the wall-mount transformer into a functioning electrical outlet that is not controlled by a switch. Plug the transformer into the transformer plug receptacle on the control.

Open the access door by pushing the raised tab on the door toward the left while pulling the tab out (Figure 12).

Time of Day Setting

With the jumper on the set of pins next to the word TIME (Figure 13), set the time of day to the closest hour by pressing the black TIME SET button. PM hours are indicated by a light next to the letters PM on the display window.

Note: The use of a small needle-nose pliers will aid in moving the jumper.

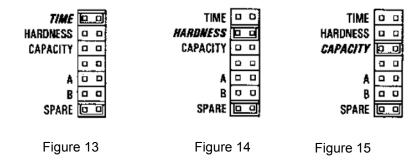
Note: The unit is factory set to regenerate at 2:00 a.m. If you prefer to have the unit regenerate at an earlier or later time, simply set the current time of day accordingly (e.g., to have the unit regenerate at 4:00 a.m.—two hours later—set the clock two hours earlier than the actual time of day).

Note: The Timer Locking Pin should always be horizontal (Figure 12) during operation.

Hardness Setting

Move the jumper to the set of pins next to the word HARDNESS (Figure 14). Press the black TIME SET button until the hardness of the incoming water supply is displayed. The hardness range is from 1 to 99 grains per gallon.

To change water hardness stated in parts per million (PPM) to grains per gallon (GPG) use this formula:



Capacity Setting

Move the jumper to the set of pins next to the word CAPACITY (Figure 15). Press the black TIME SET button until the correct capacity value is displayed. The capacity range is 1 to 99 kilograins. Refer to the Suggested Salt Dial Settings table.

Return the jumper to the top set of pins next to the word TIME and replace the access door. The jumper must NOT be left on any pins other than the top pair next to the word TIME. Otherwise, the unit may show a blank display.

Note: A spare jumper is located on the bottom set of pins.

In the event that the hardness or capacity setting must be changed, simply follow the appropriate steps described above.

Calendar Override Setting

- Disconnect power.
- Place jumper on Pin A and reconnect power.
- 3. Move jumper to Pin B. A zero will appear, indicating zero days of calendar override. All 460i controllers are preprogrammed in this manner at the manufacturer.

- 4. Depress the black TIME SET button. The numbers will roll from "0" to "15." Release the switch at the desired number of days for the calendar override. For example, releasing the switch at "10" would program a 10-day calendar override.
- Disconnect power.
- 6. Place jumper back on TIME and reconnect power.
- 7. The calendar override program is maintained during power outages by the NOVRAM circuitry.
- 8. To remove the calendar override, follow the same steps above and program back to "0."

Common Features

When using the 255 valve with the 440i or 460i controls, there are several features and procedures that are unique to the 400 series controls. They are as follows:

Salt Dial Adjustment

These models may be adjusted to produce maximum to minimum conditioning capacities by setting the salt dial, which controls the amount of salt used per regeneration. When desired, the minimum setting may be used on installations if the frequency of regeneration is increased to compensate for lower regenerated conditioning capacity. The installing dealer will set the unit for proper salt usage. Further adjustments are needed only if the hardness of the water supply changes or if water use changes dramatically. Capacity will need to be adjusted accordingly.

To adjust salt dosage, insert a small screwdriver into the white indicator knob and move pointer to proper salt setting (Figure 13).

Note: To convert the salt settings from English to metric, divide by 2.2 (e.g., 12 pounds \div 2.2 = 5.5 kg of salt).

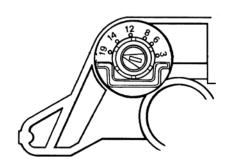


Figure 13

Table 1 - Suggested Salt Dial Settings (Pounds of Salt) For Various Size Softeners

Capacity Setting (Kilograins)	0.5 Ft ³	0.75 Ft ³	1.0 Ft ³	1.25 Ft ³	1.5 Ft ³	1.75 Ft ³	2.0 Ft ³
12	4.5	_		_		_	_
16	9.0	5.5	_	_	_		_
20	_	8.5	6.0		_	_	_
24	_	14.0	8.5	7.0			_
30	_	_	15.0	11.0	9.0		_
32	_	_	18.5	12.5	10.0	9.0	_
35	_	_	_	16.0	12.0	10.0	9.0
40	_	_	_	11.5*	17.0	14.0	12.0
48	_	_	_	_	14.0*	10.5*	17.0
60	_	_	_	_	_	_	15.0*

^{*}This setting requires the use of "XS" (extra salt) cam and doubles the amount of the setting.

The amount of salt placed in the brine tank has nothing to do with the amount of salt used during the regeneration cycle. Water will dissolve and absorb salt only until it becomes saturated. A given amount of brine (salt-saturated water) contains a specific amount of salt. The salt dial controls the amount of brine used during the regeneration cycle (e.g., when set at 15 pounds (6.8 kg) the amount of brine the conditioner will use for each regeneration will contain 15 pounds (6.8 kg) of salt, etc.)

Never let the amount of salt in the brine tank be lower than the normal liquid level. Do not overload the brine tank with salt.

Guest Cycle (Manual Regeneration)

When abnormally high water usage exhausts your water conditioner's capacity ahead of schedule, an extra regeneration can be achieved. Depress the indicator knob on the 440i (Figure 11) with a wide-blade screwdriver and turn **COUNTERCLOCKWISE** to **START** to initiate a regeneration. For the 460i, simply depress the indicator knob (Figure 12). It will take a few minutes for regeneration to start. A normal regeneration will take approximately two hours.

Preventive Maintenance

Inspect and clean brine tank and screen filter on end of brine pickup tube once a year or when sediment appears in the bottom of the brine tank.

Clean injector screen and injector once a year:

- Unplug the wall-mount transformer.
- 2. Shut off water supply or put bypass valve(s) into bypass position.
- Relieve system pressure by opening valve No. 5 (at rear) with a screwdriver.
- 4. Using a screwdriver, remove injector screen and injector cap (Figure 16).
- 5. Clean screen using a fine brush. Flush until clean.
- 6. Using a needle-nose pliers, pull injector straight out.
- Flush water into the injector screen recess of the valve body to flush debris out through the injector recess.
- 8. Clean and flush the injector.
- Lubricate the O-rings on the injector, injector cap and injector screen with silicone lubricant.
- Reinstall the injector, injector cap and injector screen. See IMPORTANT note.
- 11. Plug the wall-mount transformer into outlet; reset time of day.
- 12. Slowly open water supply valve or return bypass valve(s) to the "not in bypass" position.

IMPORTANT: Do not overtighten the plastic cap. Seat the cap lightly into position. Overtightening may cause breakage of the plastic cap that may not be immediately evident.

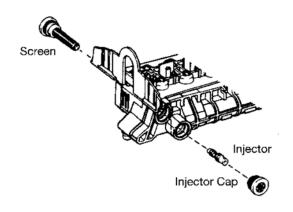
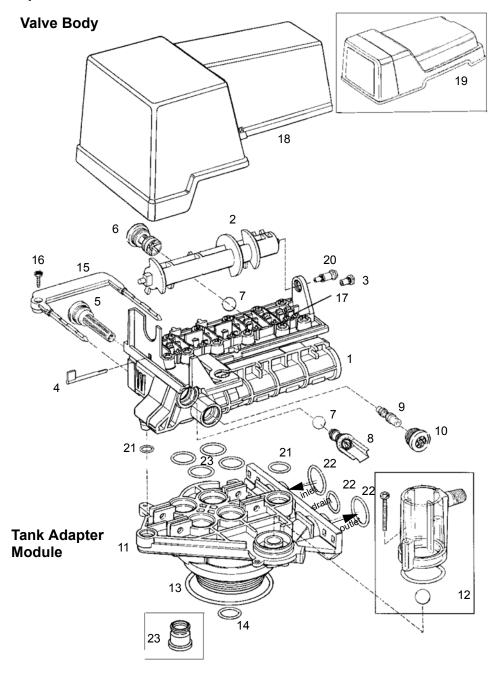


Figure 16

Replacement Parts for Autotrol Brand 255 Control



255 Valve & Tank Adapter Module

Code	Part No.	Description	Qty.
1	1000232	Valve Assembly, w/o Flow Controls	1
2		Camshaft:	1
	1031950	Standard, One-Piece	
	1033024	Standard, Segmented	
	1033025	Extra Salt, Segmented	
	1033026	Long Rinse, Segmented	
	1032969	Water Saver, Segmented	
3	1030501	Camshaft Bearing	1
4	1031391	Timer Locking Pin	1
5	1000226	Screen/Cap Assembly w/O-Ring	1
6		Drain Control Assembly w/O-Rings:	1
	1000209	No. 7 (1.2 gpm; 4.5 Lpm)	
	1000210	No. 8 (1.6 gpm; 6.1 Lpm)	
	1000211	No. 9 (2.0 gpm; 7.6 Lpm)	
	1000212	No. 10 (2.5 gpm; 9.5 Lpm)	
	1000213	No. 12 (3.5 gpm; 13.2 Lpm)	
	1000214	No. 13 (4.1 gpm; 15.5 Lpm)**	
	1000215	No. 14 (4.8 gpm; 18.2 Lpm)**	
7	1030502	Ball, Flow control	2
8		Brine Refill Control:	1
	1034261	1 to 10 lbs Salt	
	1034263	3 to 19 lbs Salt	
9		Injector Assembly with O-Rings:	1
	1032970	"A" Injector - White	
	1032971	"B" Injector - Blue	
	1032972	"C" Injector - Red	
10	1000269	Injector Cap with O-Ring	1
12	1032416	Air Check Kit	1
13	1010429	O-Ring BN	1
14	1010428	O-Ring EP	1
15		Locking Bar:	1
	1031402	English Language	
	1031403	French Language	
	1031404	German Language	
	1031405	Italian Language	
	1031406	Japanese Language	
	1031407	Spanish Language	
16	1006093	Screw, No. 8 x 9/16 inch	1
17	1001580	Spring, Valve Discs	9
18	1032565	Valve Cover, Standard, Black	1
19	1000062	i-Lid Cover	1
20	1000297	Extended Connector (For use with i-Lid Cover)	1

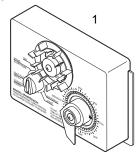
		Kits:	
21	1001404	O-Ring Group: Tank Adapter, 1010117 (1),	
		1010407 (1), 1010410 (4)	
22	1040459	O-Ring Group: Piping Boss 1010431 (1),	
		1010411 (2)	
23	1041010	13/16 Rubber Insert (Optional)	
		Valve Discs:	
*	1000250	Standard	

^{*} Not Shown

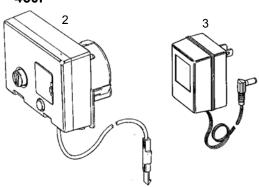
^{**}Flow control does not use Flow Control Ball (1030502).

Replacement Parts

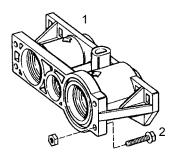
440i



460i

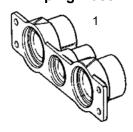


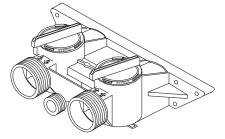
Meter Adapter



256 Bypass Valve

Piping Boss





Note: Do not use pipe joint compound when threading pipe into the Noryl piping boss. Use only Teflon* pipe tape. Do not overtighten pipe into Noryl piping boss.



255 Series Accessories

Code	Part No.	Description	Qty.
1	110.	440i Assembly	1
2		460i Assembly	1
3		Transformer	1
	1000810	Japanese	•
	1000811	North American	
	1000812	Australian	
	1000813	British	
	1000814	European	
*	1030234	Transformer Extension Cord 15 foot (4.5 m)	1
Piping Bo	oss		
1		Piping Boss Kit (includes Hardware):	1
	1040277	3/4-inch NPT, Brass 3/8-inch NPT Drain	
	1040278	1-inch NPT, Brass 1/2-inch NPT Drain	
	1040281	3/4-inch BSPT, Brass 3/8-inch BSPT Drain	
	1040282	1-inch BSPT, Brass 1/2-inch BSPT Drain	
	1040279	3/4-inch NPT, Noryl 1/2-inch NPT Drain	
	1040280	1-inch NPT, Noryl 1/2-inch NPT Drain	
	1040283	3/4-inch BSPT, Noryl 1/2-inch BSPT Drain	
	1040284	1-inch BSPT, Noryl 1/2-inch BSPT Drain	
2	1040339	Piping Boss installation Kit	1
Meter A	dapter		
1	1032350	Kit, Meter Adapter	1
2	1032351	Meter Install Kit	1
Bypass	Valve		
1	1040769	Bypass Body Assembly with Install Kit	1
2	1040524	Bypass Installation Kit	1
		- :	

Tube Adapter Kits

*	1001606	3/4-inch Copper Tube Adapter Kit	1
*	1001670	1-inch Copper Tube Adapter Kit	1
*	1041210	1-1/4-inch Copper Tube Adapter Kit	1
*	1040547	90 degree Elbow Adapter Kit	1
*	1001608	22-mm Copper Tube Adapter Kit	1
*	1001613	3/4-inch CPVC Tube Adapter Kit	1
*	1001614	1-inch CPVC Tube Adapter Kit	1
*	1001615	25-mm CPVC Tube Adapter Kit	1
*	1001769	3/4-inch NPT Plastic Pipe Adapter Kit	1
*	1001603	1-inch NPT Plastic Pipe Adapter Kit	1
*	1001604	3/4-inch BSPT Plastic Pipe Adapter Kit	1
*	1001605	1-inch BSPT Plastic Pipe Adapter Kit	1
*	1001611	3/4-inch BSPT Brass Pipe Adapter Kit	1
*	1001610	1-inch NPT Brass Pipe Adapter Kit	1
*	1001612	1-inch BSPT Brass Pipe Adapter Kit	1

Troubleshooting

The technology upon which the Series 255 control is based is well established and proven in service over many years. However, should a problem or question arise regarding the operation of the system, the control can be very easily serviced. The control module can be quickly replaced or adjustments can be made at the installation. We recommend that you contact your local professional water treatment dealer for most concerns. For parts mentioned, refer to exploded views in the **Replacement Parts** section of this manual.

IMPORTANT: Service procedures that require the water pressure to be removed from the system are marked with a ! after the possible cause. Refer to Preventative Maintenance section for instructions.

Common

Problem	Possik	ole Cause		Solution
Brine tank overflow.	a. Uncon flow ra	trolled brine refill te.	a.	Remove brine control to clean ball and seat.
	b. Air lea check.	k in brine line to air	b.	Check all connections in brine line for leaks. Refer to instructions.
		control clogged sin or other debris.	C.	Clean drain control.
2. Flowing or dripping water at drain or brine line after regeneration	a. Valve s weak.	stem return spring	a.	Replace spring. (Contact dealer.)
Hard water leakage after regeneration	a. Improp	per regeneration.	a.	Repeat regeneration after making certain correct salt dosage was set.
		g of external s valve.	b.	Replace bypass valve. (Contact dealer.)
	c. O-ring damag	around riser pipe ged.	C.	Replace O-ring. (Contact dealer.)

Control will not draw	a.	Low water pressure.	a.	Make correct setting according to instructions.
brine.	b.	Restricted drain line.	b.	Remove restriction.
	C.	Injector plugged!	C.	Clean injector and screen.
	d.	Injector defective !	d.	Replace injector and cap. (Contact dealer.)
	e.	Valve disc 2 and/or 3 not closed.	e.	Remove foreign matter from disc and check disc for closing by pushing in on stem. Replace if needed. (Contact dealer.)
	f.	Air check valve prematurely closed.	f.	Put control momentarily into brine refill. Replace or repair air check if needed. (Contact dealer.)

255/440i Troubleshooting

	Problem		Possible Cause		Solution
re	ontrol will not egenerate	a.	Transformer or motor not connected.	a.	Connect power.
au	utomatically.	b.	Defective timer motor.	b.	Replace motor. (Contact dealer.)
		C.	Skipper pins not down on timer skipper wheel.	C.	Depress pins for days regeneration required.
		d.	Binding in gear train of timer.	d.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
re	ontrol generates at rong time of day.	a.	Timer set incorrectly.	a.	Correct time setting according to instructions.
-	ontrol will not raw brine.	a.	Low water pressure.	a.	Set pump to maintain 20 psi at softener.
		b.	Restricted drain line.	b.	Change drain to remove restriction.
		C.	Injector plugged.	C.	Clean injector and screen.
		d.	Injector defective.	d.	Replace injector. (Contact dealer.)
		e.	Air check valve closes prematurely.	e.	Put control momentarily into brine/slow rinse. Replace or repair air check if needed. (Contact dealer.)
		f.	Timer locking pin not horizontal.	f.	Turn to horizontal position. (Contact dealer.)
m th	ystem using ore or less salt an salt dial etting.	a.	Foreign matter in controller causing incorrect flow rates.	a.	Remove brine control and flush out foreign matter. Manually position control to brine/slow rinse to clean controller (after so doing position control to "purge" to remove brine from tank).
		b.	Defective controller	b.	Replace brine control. (Contact dealer.)
irr	termittent or egular brine	a.	Low water pressure.	a.	Set pump to maintain 20 psi at softener.
dr	aw.	b.	Defective injector.	b.	Replace injector. (Contact dealer.)
Wa	o conditioned ater after generation.	a. b.	No salt in brine tank. Injector plugged.	a. b.	Add salt to brine tank. Clean injector and screen.
		C.	Air check valve closes prematurely.	C.	Put control momentarily into brine/slow rinse. Replace or repair air check if needed. (Contact dealer.)

Problem		Possible Cause	Solution
7. Control backwashes or purges at excessively low or high rate.	h	Incorrect drain controller used. Foreign matter affecting controller operation.	Replace with correct size controller. (Contact dealer.) Remove drain controller and clean ball and seat.

255/460i Troubleshooting

	Problem		Possible Cause		Solution
1.	Clock does not display time of	a.	Transformer cord unplugged.	a.	Connect power.
	day.	b.	No electric power at outlet.	b.	Repair outlet or use working outlet.
		C.	Defective transformer.	C.	Replace transformer. (Contact dealer.)
		d.	Defective circuit board.	d.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
2.	Clock does not display correct	a.	Outlet operated by switch.	a.	Use outlet not controlled by switch.
	time of day.	b.	Incorrect voltage or frequency (Hz).	b.	Replace timer with one of correct voltage and frequency (Hz). (Contact dealer.)
		C.	Power outages.	C.	Reset clock.
3.	Time display continues to advance.	a.	Defective time set switch.	a.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
4.	Time display shows something other than time of	a.	Electrical interference.	a.	Disconnect power to unit. Restore power and reset time of day display.
	day.	b.	Defective circuit board.	b.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
5.	No water flow display when	a.	Bypass valve in bypass.	a.	Shift bypass valve to not-in-bypass position.
	water is flowing.	b.	Meter probe disconnected or not fully connected to meter housing.	b.	Fully insert probe into meter housing.
		C.	Restricted meter turbine rotation due to foreign material in meter!	C.	Remove meter housing, free up turbine and flush with clean water. Turbine should spin freely. If not, replace meter. (Contact dealer.)
		d.	Defective meter probe.	d.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
		e.	Defective circuit board.	e.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)

Problem		Possible Cause		Solution
Control regenerates at	a.	Power outages.	a.	Reset clock to correct time of day.
wrong time of day.	b.	Clock set incorrectly.	b.	Reset clock to correct time of day.
Timer stalled in regeneration	a.	Motor dead.	a.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
cycle.	b.	Motor runs backward.	b.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
	C.	No electric power at outlet.	C.	Repair outlet or use working outlet.
	d.	Broken gear.		Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
	e.	Defective switch.	e.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
	f.	Air leak in brine connections.	f.	Check all junction points and make appropriate corrections.
	g.	Binding of camshaft.	g.	Remove foreign object obstruction from valve discs or camshaft.
	h.	Water pressure greater than 125 psi (8.6 bar) during regeneration!	h.	Install pressure regulator.
	i.	Defective circuit board.	i.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
Continuous regeneration.	a.	Broken switch actuator on gear.	a.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
Camshaft does not stop at the end of regeneration.	b.	Defective switch.	b.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
Control will not regenerate	a.	Electric cord or transformer unplugged.	a.	Connect power.
automatically or when button is	b.	No electric power at outlet.	b.	Repair outlet or use working outlet.
pressed.	C.	Defective motor.	C.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
	d.	Broken gear.	d.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
	e.	Binding in gear train.	e.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
	f.	Defective switch.	f.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)

	Problem		Possible Cause		Solution
10.	Control will not regenerate automatically but	a.	If water flow display is not operative, refer to Item 5.	a.	Same as Item 5.
	will regenerate when button is pressed.	b. c.	Defective circuit board. Incorrect hardness and	b.	Replace timer. (Contact dealer.)
			capacity settings.	C.	Set to correct values. See Programming section.
11.	Run out of soft water between regenerations.	a.	Improper regeneration.	a.	Repeat regeneration, making certain that correct salt dosage is used.
		b.	Incorrect salt setting.	b.	Set salt control to proper level. See salt setting chart.
		C.	Incorrect hardness or	C.	Set to correct values. See Programming section.
		d.		d.	Set hardness to new value. See Programming section.
		e.	increased. Restricted meter turbine rotation due to foreign material in meter!	e.	Remove meter housing, free up turbine and flush with clean water. Turbine should spin freely; if not, replace meter. (Contact dealer.)
12.	Brine tank overflow.	a.	Brine valve disc 1 being held open by foreign	a.	Manually operate valve stem to flush away obstruction.
		b.	matter. Uncontrolled brine refill flow rate.	b.	Remove variable salt controller to clean it and the ball.
		C.	Valve disc 2 not closed during brine draw causing brine refill.	C.	Flush out foreign matter holding disc open by manually operating valve stem.
		d.	Air leak in brine line to air check.	d.	Check all connections in brine line for leaks. Refer to instructions.
		e.	Improper drain control for injector.	e.	Too small of a drain control with a "B" or "C" injector will reduce draw rates. Reference Pressure Graphs.
		f.	Drain control clogged with resin or other debris.	f.	Clean drain control.

Problem		Possible Cause		Solution	
13.	System using	a.	Inaccurate setting.	a.	Make correct setting.
	more or less salt than salt control is set for.	b.	Foreign matter in controller causing incorrect flow rates.	b.	Remove variable salt controller and flush out foreign matter. Manually position control to brine draw to clean controller (after so doing, position control to "purge" to remove brine from tank).
		C.	Defective controller.	C.	Replace defective part. (Contact dealer.)
14.	Intermittent or irregular brine draw.	a.	Low water pressure.	a.	Set pump to maintain at least 20 psi (1.38 bar) at softener.
		b.	Defective injector!	b.	Replace both injector and injector cap. (Contact dealer.)
15.	No conditioned	a.	Unit did not regenerate.	a.	Check for power.
	water after regeneration.	b.	No salt in brine tank.	b.	Add salt to brine tank.
		C.	Plugged injector!	C.	Remove injector and flush it and injector screen.
		d.	Air check valve closed prematurely.	d.	Put control momentarily into refill to free air check. Replace or repair air check if needed. (Contact dealer.)

Valve Specifications

Working Pressure	20-120 psi (1.38 - 8.27 bar)
Standard 12 Volt Transformer Input Electrical Rating	115V 60 Hz
Optional 12 Volt Transformer Input Electrical Rating	115V 50 Hz, 230V 50 Hz,
230	OV 60 Hz, 100V 60 Hz, 100V 50 Hz
Operating Ambient Temperature	34 $^{\circ}$ F to 120 $^{\circ}$ F (1 $^{\circ}$ C to 49 $^{\circ}$ C)
Operating Water Temperature	34 °F to 100 °F (1 °C to 38 °C)

For service or parts, please contact your local professional water treatment dealer.